1992

177)

Mars Observer

Nation: U.S. (65)

Objective(s): Mars orbit Spacecraft: Mars Observer Spacecraft Mass: 2,573 kg

Mission Design and Management: NASA JPL

Launch Vehicle: Titan III (CT-4)

Launch Date and Time: 25 September 1992 /

17:05:01 UT

Launch Site: ESMC / launch complex 40 Scientific Instruments:

- 1) imaging system
- 2) thermal emission spectrometer
- 3) pressure modulator infrared radiometer
- 4) laser altimeter
- 5) magnetometer/electron reflectometer
- 6) gamma-ray spectrometer
- 7) radio science experiment
- 8) Mars balloon relay receiver

Results: Mars Observer was designed to carry out a high-resolution photography mission of the Red Planet over the course of a Martian year (687 days) from a 378 x 350-kilometer polar orbit. It carried a suite of instruments to investigate Martian geology, atmosphere, and climate in order to fill in gaps in our knowledge of planetary evolution. A mere 31 minutes after launch, the new Transfer Orbit Stage (TOS) fired to boost the spacecraft on an encounter trajectory with Mars. After a 725-million-kilometer voyage lasting eleven months, just two days prior to planned entry into Mars orbit, the spacecraft suddenly fell silent at 01:00 UT on 22 August 1993. Despite vigorous efforts to regain contact, Mars Observer remained quiet. When the spacecraft did not reestablish command as a result of a stored program that was designed to do so in case of five days of silence, mission planners finally gave up hope on salvaging the mission. The results of a five-month investigation proved to be inconclusive, but one likely cause of the catastrophic failure may have been a fuel line rupture that could have damaged the spacecraft's electronics, throwing the vehicle into a spin.